Supplement – AFHMP Census Data Guide

To be used for collecting census data or demographics information for the Affirmative Fair Housing Marketing Plan (AFHMP) or to aid in the 5 year review of an approved AFHMP.

Instructions are for use of: http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml
For issues with display and function: Browser requirements and Troubleshooting

To find Census Tract:

1. Click “Advanced Search” at top page.
2. Click “Geographies” in the side bar on the left.
3. Click the “Address” tab and enter the address of the project → Click “Go”.
4. In the table that appears look for “Census Tract” under the “Geography Type” column to the right under “Geography Name will be the Census Tract Number.

To collect Demographics Information:

For Race, Sex, Family Status, and Hispanic or Latino information

1. Click Advanced Search at top page.
2. Click Geographies in the side bar on the left.
3. Click the Address tab and enter the address of the project → Click Go.
4. In the table that appears look for Census Tract under the Geography Type column to the right under Geography Name will be the Census Tract Number.
5. Click on the Census Tract listed. It should appear under Your Selections on the upper right.
6. Close the “Select geographies” pop-up window.
7. Locate in list Profile of General Population and Housing Characteristics: 2010 select the one marked 2010 SF1 100% Data → Check the box next to it → Click View. This will provide a table that includes the Race, Sex, Family Status, and Hispanic or Latino information.
   Table name can be typed into the Refine your search results bar.
8. The table(s) can be printed or downloaded.
   Note: Steps can be repeated or modified for other geographic areas such as County, Metro Area/MSA, etc.

For Disability Status

1. Repeat Steps 1-4 listed above.
2. Click “Topics” on the left → Click People → Click Disability → Click the Disability link directly beneath it.
   Table names or ID numbers can be typed into the Refine your search results bar.
   Note: that the most recent information is based on estimates or samples.
   a. For Census Tract: Select the first Disability Status by Sex: 2000 or QT-P21. In this section report the percent with a disability for both sexes for population 5 years and over. Information for the census tract is only available from the 2000 sample data.
   b. For County or MSA: Select the first Selected Social Characteristics in the United States or DP02 and report the percent of the total civilian non-institutionalized population with a disability. This information is included in year estimates; please choose the most recent year available and most suitable type/dataset.
   The US Census Bureau provides the following information on the differences between the year estimates.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1-year estimates</th>
<th>3-year estimates</th>
<th>5-year estimates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Data for areas with populations of 65,000+</td>
<td>Data for areas with populations of 20,000+</td>
<td>Data for all areas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smallest sample size</td>
<td>Larger sample size than 1-year</td>
<td>Largest sample size</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less reliable than 3-year or 5-year</td>
<td>More reliable than 1-year; less reliable than 5-year</td>
<td>Most reliable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Most current data</td>
<td>Less current than 1-year; more current than 5-year</td>
<td>Least current</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Best used when</strong></td>
<td><strong>Best used when</strong></td>
<td><strong>Best used when</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currency is more important than precision Analyzing large populations</td>
<td>More precise than 1-year, more current than 5 year Analyzing smaller populations</td>
<td>Precision is more important than currency Analyzing very small populations</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. The table(s) can be printed or downloaded.
   Note: Steps can be repeated for other geographic areas such as County, Metro Area/MSA, or other area.

Note: Steps can be repeated or modified for other geographic areas such as County, Metro Area/MSA, etc.